**Europe in Transition, 1300-1750**

**Chapter Three The Age of Reformation**

Guided Reading

Key Terms

Act of Supremacy Augsburg Confession Electors predestination

Anabaptists Indulgence Reformation Martin Luther

Diet of Worms Ulrich Zwingli John Calvin Ignatius Loyola

Council of Trent

**Section 1:**

**Society and Religion**

**Focus Question: What was the social and religious background of the Reformation?**

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| --- | --- |
| **Social and Political Conflicts** | **Religious movements** |
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1. **Using the information in your chart, answer the focus question**
2. **Read the section “ Popular Religious Movements and Criticism of the Church”**

**And write notes-**

1. **Spiritual crisis in the medieval church:**
2. **Factors contributing to the growth of criticism of the church**
3. **Popular religious movements and their common goal**
4. **What was the idea behind the sale of indulgences?**
5. **What was the role of city magistrates in creating a welcoming context for reformation?**

Short Essay: What problems in the church contributed to the Protestant Reformation?

**Section 2: Martin Luther and the German Reformation to 1525**

1. Why did the Reformation begin in Germany?
2. How did the practice of Indulgences begin? Why did Luther criticize them so vociferously?
3. How did Charles V come to be the Holy Roman Emperor? What was his role in the storm of Luther’s protest?
4. Summarize briefly Luther’s excommunication and the Diet of Worms
5. Explain briefly the spread of Reformation
6. Why did Luther did not support the peasant revolt ?
7. What was the role of Imperial politics in the success of the Protestant reformation?

Section 3:

**The Reformation Elsewhere**

**Focus question : Where did the reform movements develop and how were they different from Luther’s ?**

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| **Movement** | **Goals/ Characteristics** | **Major Figures** |
| **Luther** |  |  |
| **Zwingli** |  |  |
| **Anabaptists** |  |  |
| **Spiritualists** |  |  |
| **Antitrinitarian** |  |  |
| **Calvinists**  |  |  |

1. **What were the basic similarities and differences between the ideas of Luther and Zwingli?**
2. **What were the basic similarities and differences between the ideas of Luther and Zwingli? How did these differences tend to affect the success of the Protestant Reformation?**